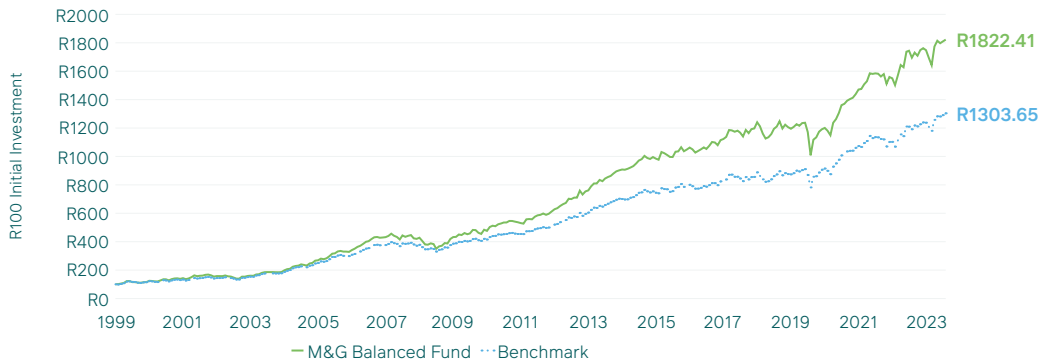


M&G Balanced Fund

Multi-asset

March 2024

Since inception cumulative performance, distributions reinvested (A class)



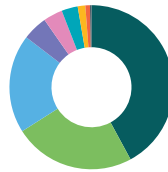
| Annualised performance | A class | Benchmark | T class | X class | B class |
|------------------------|---------|-----------|---------|---------|---------|
| 1 year | 7.5% | 9.4% | 7.7% | 7.5% | 8.0% |
| 3 years | 10.0% | 8.5% | 10.2% | 10.0% | 10.5% |
| 5 years | 8.5% | 8.3% | 8.8% | 8.6% | 9.1% |
| 7 years | 7.8% | 7.3% | 8.2% | 8.0% | 8.4% |
| 10 years | 7.9% | 6.9% | - | 8.0% | 8.5% |
| 20 years | 12.1% | 10.5% | - | - | 13.0% |
| Since inception | 12.5% | 11.0% | - | - | - |

| Returns since inception ¹ | A class | Date |
|--------------------------------------|---------|-------------|
| Highest annualised return | 44.7% | 30 Apr 2006 |
| Lowest annualised return | -21.1% | 28 Feb 2009 |

Top 10 holdings as at 31 Mar 2024

| | |
|---|------|
| 1. Naspers Ltd/Prosus NV | 6.9% |
| 2. Republic of SA Bond 8.50% 310137 (R2037) | 4.4% |
| 3. Republic of SA Bond 8.25% 310332 (R2032) | 3.7% |
| 4. Republic of SA Bond 8.875% 280235 (R2035) | 3.7% |
| 5. United States Treasury Bill Bond 0% 180424 | 3.0% |
| 6. Standard Bank Group Ltd | 2.6% |
| 7. British American Tobacco Plc | 2.5% |
| 8. MTN Group Ltd | 2.4% |
| 9. Compagnie Financiere Richemont SA | 2.2% |
| 10. Absa Group Ltd | 2.1% |

Asset allocation as at 31 Mar 2024



| | |
|---------------------|-------|
| SA Equity | 42.1% |
| Foreign Equity | 23.9% |
| SA Bonds (ex. ILBs) | 19.4% |
| Foreign Bonds | 4.9% |
| Foreign Cash | 3.8% |
| SA Cash | 3.2% |
| SA Listed Property | 1.5% |
| Africa Equity | 0.9% |
| Foreign Property | 0.3% |

| Risk measures | A class | Benchmark |
|----------------------------------|---------|-----------|
| Monthly volatility (annualised) | 10.9% | 9.1% |
| Maximum drawdown over any period | -23.2% | -16.8% |
| % of positive rolling 12 months | 87.3% | 90.5% |
| Information ratio | 0.7 | n/a |
| Sortino ratio | 0.7 | 0.5 |
| Sharpe ratio | 0.4 | 0.3 |

| Investment options | A Class | T Class | I Class | X Class | B Class |
|-----------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|-------------|
| Minimum lump sum investment | R10 000 | R10 000 | R10 000 | R10 000 | R20 million |
| Minimum monthly debit order | R500 pm | R500 pm | R500 pm | R500 pm | n/a |

| Annual Management Fees (excl. VAT) | A Class | T Class | I Class | X Class | B Class |
|--|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| M&G ² | 1.00% | 0.80% | 1.25% | 1.00% | 0.60% |
| Financial adviser service fee (if applicable) ³ | n/a | n/a | 0.50% | 0.50% | n/a |

| Expenses (incl. VAT) | A Class | T Class | I Class | X Class | B Class |
|-------------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Total Expense Ratio (TER) | 1.40% | 1.17% | 1.68% | 1.40% | 0.94% |
| Transaction Costs (TC) ⁴ | 0.09% | 0.09% | 0.09% | 0.09% | 0.09% |
| Total Investment Charges (TIC) | 1.49% | 1.26% | 1.77% | 1.49% | 1.03% |

¹ 12-month rolling performance figure² The Fund can invest portions of its assets into underlying foreign investments (incl. investments into Africa). This would mainly be achieved by investing into the sub-funds of the M&G (South Africa) Global Funds ICAV and the M&G Africa Equity Fund. These funds will charge an additional asset management fee which is included in the Fund's NAV and the Fund's TER. The Manager receives a marketing and distribution fee in respect of the M&G (South Africa) Global Funds.³ The Financial Adviser Service Fee, if applicable, is included in M&G's annual management

fee above. An Ongoing Adviser Fee, over and above the Financial Adviser Service Fee, may be negotiated between the Investor and Financial Adviser. Should you agree to an Ongoing Adviser Fee, it will be paid via the regular repurchase of units.

⁴ Where a transaction cost is not readily available, a reasonable best estimate has been used. Estimated transaction costs may include Bond, Money Market, and FX costs (where applicable).

Risk profile

◀ Risk of not earning meaningful inflation-beating returns over the long-term



Variability of returns over the short-term ▶

Fund facts

Fund objective

To achieve steady long-term growth of capital and income by investing in a diversified combination of domestic and international assets, where the asset allocation is tactically managed.

Investor profile

A suitable fund for retirement provision and for those individuals looking to tilt their portfolio to value with controlled risk exposure. The recommended investment horizon is 5 years or longer.

Investment mandate

The Fund conforms to the regulations governing retirement fund investments (Regulation 28). Intended maximum limits: Equity 75%, Listed Property 25% and Foreign 45%.

Fund managers

Michael Moyle
Sandile Malinga
Leonard Krüger

ASISA category

South African - Multi-Asset - High Equity

Benchmark

ASISA South African - Multi-Asset - High Equity Category Average

Inception date

2 August 1999

Fund size

R24 633 631 014

M&G Balanced Fund

Multi-asset

March 2024

| Income Distributions ⁵ | A Class | | T Class | | X Class | | B Class | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| | Total | 12m yield | Total | 12m yield | Total | 12m yield | Total | 12m yield |
| 31 December 2023 | 14.11 cpu | 3.07% | 15.05 cpu | 3.29% | 13.96 cpu | 3.07% | 16.05 cpu | 3.50% |
| 30 June 2023 | 11.22 cpu | 3.08% | 12.16 cpu | 3.29% | 11.09 cpu | 3.08% | 13.15 cpu | 3.50% |

Fund commentary

Most stock markets and bond markets around the world ended the first quarter in high spirits, posting gains in March. Several stock markets hit all-time highs, while developed market sovereign bonds recorded their first monthly gain of 2024. In the US, investors cheered the Federal Reserve's (the Fed's) sticking to its rate-cutting scenario in the face of stubborn inflation and strong economic data, with Fed Chair Jerome Powell saying the central bank was not far from reaching the confidence it needs that "inflation is moving sustainably down to 2%". While the Fed kept its interest rates flat, as expected, in the 5.25%-5.50% range, policymakers pencilled in three 25bp cuts by the end of 2024. US CPI ticked up slightly to 3.2% y/y in February, marginally higher than expected. In the UK, inflation rose to 3.4% y/y in February, below expectations of 4.0% and paving the way for the BoE to cut rates later in 2024. Meanwhile, optimistic corporate news sent European shares to record highs, with upbeat earnings updates and some M&A news boosting investor confidence. Eurozone CPI fell to 2.6% y/y in February, just above expectations of 2.5%, while core inflation was 3.1% y/y, still well above the ECB's target of 2.0%. The ECB left rates unchanged, even as a softer inflation outlook and economic growth bolstered expectations for cuts starting in June.

China's equity markets recorded small gains, ending their long losing streak as certain economic data registered improvement and investors were tempted by cheap valuations. China's February CPI rose to 0.7% y/y, beating expectations of 0.3% due to spending linked to the Lunar New Year. The PBOC left a key policy rate unchanged as expected in February. Some analysts see China's 5% growth target for 2024 as 'ambitious' given the current government stimulus. In Japan, the BOJ made its first rate hike in 17 years, setting a new short-term rate target of 0-0.1% and ending eight years of negative interest rates. On the local front, the MPC kept the repo rate unchanged at 8.25% in a unanimous decision, maintaining a restrictive policy stance due to the inflation outlook and high inflation expectations. SA CPI rose to 5.6% y/y in February from 5.3% y/y in January, above the expected 5.4%. The FTSE/JSE All Share Index returned 3.2% in March, while Listed Property (FTSE/JSE All Property Index) posted -0.6%. The FTSE/JSE All Bond Index returned -1.9%, inflation-linked bonds (the Composite ILB Index) posted 0.3%, and cash as measured by the STeFI Composite Index delivered 0.7%. Looking at global market returns (in US\$), the MSCI All Country World Index delivered 3.2%, the Bloomberg Global Aggregate Bond Index returned 0.6%, while the FTSE EPRA/NAREIT Global REIT Index posted 2.8%. The rand strengthened 1.1% against the US dollar, 1.6% against the euro and 1.5% against the pound sterling.

Contributing the most to absolute performance for the month was the fund's exposure to SA equities (excluding property), foreign equities (excluding property) and foreign cash (excluding inflation-linked bonds).

Glossary

| | |
|---|---|
| 12-month yield | A measure of the Fund's income distributions as a percentage of the Fund's net asset value (NAV). This is calculated by summing the income distributions over a rolling 12-month period, then dividing by the sum of the NAV at the end of the period and any capital gains distributed over the same period. |
| Annualised performance | The average amount of money (total return) earned by an investment each year over a given time period. For periods longer than one year, total returns are expressed as compounded average returns on a yearly basis. |
| Cumulative performance graph | This illustrates how an initial investment of R100 or N\$100 (for example) placed into the Fund would change over time, taking ongoing fees into account, with all distributions reinvested. |
| Income distribution | The dividend income and/or interest income that is generated by the underlying Fund investments and that is periodically declared and distributed to investors in the Fund after all annual service fees. |
| Information ratio | Measures the Fund's active return (Fund return in excess of the benchmark) divided by the amount of risk that the manager takes relative to the benchmark. The higher the information ratio, the higher the active return of the Fund, given the amount of risk taken and the more consistent the manager. This is calculated over a 3-year period. |
| Intended maximum limits | This indicates the Fund's intended maximum exposure to an asset class. These limits may be reviewed subject to the Fund's Supplemental Deed and/or Regulation 28 for those Funds managed in accordance with Regulation 28 of the Pension Funds Act. |
| Maximum drawdown | The largest drop in the Fund's cumulative total return from peak to trough over any period. |
| Monthly volatility (annualised) | Also known as standard deviation. This measures the amount of variation or difference in the monthly returns on an investment. The larger the annualised monthly volatility, the more the monthly returns are likely to vary from the average monthly return (i.e. the more volatile the investment). |
| Percentage of positive rolling 12 months | The percentage of months, since inception, that the Fund has shown a positive return over a rolling 12-month period. |
| Regulation 28 | The South African retirement fund industry is governed by the Pension Funds Act, No 24 of 1956. Regulation 28 of the Pension Funds Act prescribes the maximum limits in asset classes that an approved retirement fund may invest in. |
| Sharpe ratio | The Sharpe ratio is used to measure how well the return of an asset compensates the investor for the risk taken. The higher the Sharpe ratio the better the Fund's historical risk-adjusted performance has been. This is calculated by taking the difference between the Fund's annualised return and the risk-free (cash) rate, divided by the standard deviation of the Fund's returns. This is calculated over a 3-year period. |
| Sortino ratio | This is calculated by taking the difference between the Fund's annualised return and the risk-free (cash) rate, divided by the downside deviation of the Fund's returns i.e. the "bad" volatility. A high Sortino ratio indicates a low risk of large losses occurring in the Fund. This is calculated over a 3-year period. |
| Total Expense Ratio (TER) | This shows the charges, levies and fees relating to the management of the portfolio and is expressed as a percentage of the average net asset value of the portfolio, calculated for the year to the end of the most recent completed quarter. A higher TER does not necessarily imply a poor return, nor does a low TER imply a good return. The current TER cannot be regarded as an indication of future TERs. |
| Transaction Costs (TC) | The percentage of the value of the Fund incurred as costs relating to the buying and selling of the Fund's underlying assets. Transaction costs are a necessary cost in administering the Fund and impacts Fund returns. It should not be considered in isolation as returns may be impacted by many other factors over time including market returns, the type of Fund, investment decisions of the investment manager and the TER. |
| Total Investment Charges (TIC) | The percentage of the value of the Fund incurred as costs, relating to the investment of the Fund. As fund returns are reported after deducting all fees and expenses, these costs (the TER, TC & TIC) should not be deducted from the fund returns. |
| Unit Classes | M&G's funds are offered in different unit classes to allow different types of investors (individuals and institutions) to invest in the same fund. Different investment minimums and fees apply to different unit classes. A Class: for individuals only. B & D Class: retirement funds and other large institutional investors only. X Class: the special fee class that was made available to investors that were invested in the Dividend Income Feeder Fund. T Class: for investors in tax-free unit trusts. F Class: for Discretionary Fund Managers. |

⁵ If the income earned in the form of dividends and interest exceeds the total expenses, the Fund will make a distribution (cpu = cents per unit).

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Application forms

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Disclaimer

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Collective Investment Schemes (unit trusts) are generally medium-to long-term investments. Past performance is not necessarily a guide to future investment performance. Unit trust prices are calculated on a net asset value basis. This means the price is the total net market value of all assets of the unit trust fund divided by the total number of units of the fund. Any market movements – for example in share prices, bond prices, money market prices or currency fluctuations – relevant to the underlying assets of the fund may cause the value of the underlying assets to go up or down. As a result, the price of your units may go up or down. Unit trusts are traded at the ruling forward price of the day, meaning that transactions are processed during the day before you or the Manager know what the price at the end of the day will be. The price and therefore the number of units involved in the transaction are only known on the following day. The unit trust fund may borrow up to 10% of the fund value, and it may also lend any scrip (proof of ownership of an investment instrument) that it holds to earn additional income. A M&G unit trust fund may consist of different fund classes that are subject to different fees and charges. Where applicable, the Manager will pay your financial adviser an agreed standard ongoing adviser fee, which is included in the overall costs of the fund. A unit trust summary with all fees and maximum initial and ongoing adviser fees is available on our website. One can also obtain additional information on M&G products on the M&G website. The Fund may hold foreign securities including foreign CIS funds. As a result, the fund may face material risks. The volatility of the fund may be higher and the liquidity of the underlying securities may be restricted due to relative market sizes and market conditions. The fund's ability to settle securities and to repatriate investment income, capital or the proceeds of sales of securities may be adversely affected for multiple reasons including market conditions, macro-economic and political circumstances. Further, the return on the security may be affected (positively or negatively) by the difference in tax regimes between the domestic and foreign tax jurisdictions. The availability of market information and information on any underlying sub-funds may be delayed. If the Manager may, at its discretion, close your chosen unit trust fund to new investors and additional investments by existing investors to make sure that it is managed in accordance with its mandate. It may also stop your existing debit order investment. The Manager makes no guarantees as to the capital invested in the fund or the returns of the fund. Excessive withdrawals from the fund may place the fund under liquidity pressure and, in certain circumstances, a process of ring fencing withdrawal instructions may be followed. Fund prices are published daily on the M&G website. These are also available upon request. The performance is calculated for the portfolio. Individual investor performance may differ as a result of initial fees, the actual investment date, the date of reinvestment and dividend withholding tax. Purchase and repurchase requests must be received by the Manager by 13h30 (11h30 for the Money Market Fund) SA time each business day. All online purchase and repurchase transactions must be received by the Manager by 10h30 (for all Funds) SA time each business day.